

PHIMOSIS NEEDS NO MORE OPERATION

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Phimosis is primarily the disease of the children. Many children get affected with this disease and suffer much in life. It causes the affected one pains while urinating owing to narrowing of preputial orifice. A victim of this disease not very unoften suffers from fever and gets emaciated. It weakens him and makes him irritable and nastily peevish. He is never contented. Even good words do not satisfy him. Everything puts him out of humour. He is easily vexed.

Along with the above symptoms his concomitant urinary troubles begin. He cannot urinate easily. The frontal part of his penis gets swollen and urine passes in drops. The urge for urination remains even after micturition.

It is often seen that formation of pus starts and gangrene sets in as a matter of course. Gradually the very act of micturition turns out for him a painful task.

This disease prior to now had only one treatment and that was the knife. Many present day eminent doctors suggest operation after examining the penis of his patient found to be suffering from fever very often.

After much endeavour and research it has been tentatively proved that with the application of special type of apparatus and medicines within a very short period of time and without any danger and sharp pain this disease can be treated and cured. The very need for operation is absent here. This assertion is made after curing fully a good number of patients by administering some of our medicines according to signs and symptoms, viz. Arnica, Ledum pal., Merc. cor., Thuja, Aconite etc.

It has been known after investigation that this disease is hereditary and infectious in character and prior to now no good treatment excepting operation was there for this, but with our newly evolved method of homoeopathic treatment even during recovery time no bleeding is noticed and in addition, time taken is surely less and the child gets well very quickly and safely.

In conclusion opinion on phimosis of Dr: J. PH. Berjeau, author of *Physiological Synopsis of Homoeopathy & The Homoeopathic Treatment of Syphilis, Gonorrhoea, Spermatorrhoea, and Urinary Diseases* is cited here.

"PHIMOSIS: This is caused by the infiltration of fluid into the cellular tissue of the prepuce, forming a large, long, dark, reddish-brown, bulbous swelling at the extremity of the penis, its borders being enlarged, cracked, and so narrow that but a small portion of the secreted pus can make its escape, and rendering the retraction of the prepuce behind the glans impossible, the remainder collecting underneath, forming a fluctuating swelling.

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(iii) An obstinate case of rhinorrhoea, often bloody, long under the treatment of various experienced homoeopaths, on superficial symptomatic indications, was found to have a malignant growth inside the nasal cavity (totally overlooked by the former homoeopaths) was, of course, ultimately relieved by appropriate antimiasmatic treatment.

5. *Consultation with specialists* (eye, E.N.T., heart, neurologist, orthopaedist, surgeons, etc.) in any case of doubt is essential. But the rub lies in the efficiency of doubting at the proper time.

6. *Regular special investigations* are often essential in various cases of anaemia, juvenile diabetes, disorders of kidney, liver, etc. for proper diagnosis and follow up of the cases.

Here, I have attempted only to give some outline hints about the problems, simply to draw the attention to some important tasks often overlooked or neglected by our colleagues; a more detailed and fuller discussion on all aspects would turn this article into a treatise. So I beg to be excused for this shortcoming.

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of a physician while facing the drugged and inoculated children. While totality will always remain our sheet anchor, a direct antidote will either cure or clear the symptom-picture.

I, therefore, suggest that in all sub-acute lingering cases, a course of all three potentized antigens & polio should be administered in 200th potency at a week's interval, picking first the antidote suiting the case in hand.

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Persons with a long and narrow prepuce are the most subject to it, and balanorrhoea is always present.

Treatment: If the remedies are selected with care, the disease is generally easily subdued, and it is only in very severe cases, and when gangrene threatens, that the knife becomes necessary. Should the apparently appropriate remedies be of no avail, slight incisions in the prepuce will allow much of the fluid to escape, and pave the way to speedy relief.

PARAPHIMOSIS: Retraction of the prepuce behind the glans is termed paraphimosis, and is much more dangerous, as, should the constriction be not speedily removed, strangulation of the part ensues, and the whole penis is likely to be destroyed by gangrene. In these severe cases there is no remedy but the knife. The remedies are same as used for phimosis."
