6. Spondylitie: Inflammation of vertebra, (Pott's disease), usually tuberculous.

Spondylitis rhizomelica: Advancing rigidity of spine from below upward (due to antiphlosis).

- 7. Osteoarthritis: •Inflammation of bones or joints.
- 8. Herniated disc: Protrusion of disc from between vertebrae.
- 9. Myositis: Inflammation of the muscles.
- Periarteritis: Inflammation of the external sheath of an artery. Nodosa: Nodular swellings.
- 11. Angioneurodermatomyositis: Infectious inflammation of both skin and muscles involving blood vessels and nerves.
- 12. Fibrositis: Exessive formation of white fibrous tissue which is inflammatory, as in chronic rheumatism.
- 13. Myofibrositis: Increase of inflammatory connective tissue between muscle fibrils.
- 14. Meninges: Membranes covering the brain and spinal cord.
- 15. Pes planus: Flat-foot or splay-foot.
- 16. Scoliosis: Lateral curvature of the spine.
- 17. Lordosis: Forward curvature of the spine.
- 18. Viscerosomatic: Relating to organs enclosed within the great cavities of the body, especially the abdominal cavity.

-The Layman Speaks, May 1958.

THE PROBLEMS OF HOMEOPATHIC PRACTICE ETC.

(Cond. From page 488)

standing the fact that Bengal has the proud privilege of having the oldest Homocopathic State Faculty maintaining its existence since the British days. This attitude of the West Bengal Government must be changed, and homocopaths must be rescued from the inequitable and handicapped position in the field of practice, as well as in the field of employment in the Employees' State Insurance and Rural Health Scheme, etc.