HOMŒOPATHIC NEWS

(1)

204TH BIRTH ANNIVERSARY OF HAHNEMANN

Under the auspices of the Murshidabad District Homœopathic Medical Association the 204th Birth Anniversary of Master Samuel Hahnemann, the father of Homœopathy, was celebrated in the Jogendra Narayan Milani Hall (Grant-Hall), Berhampur. Many distinguished citizens including M.L.A.'s and M.L.C.'s attended the meeting. Dr. Satya Ranjan Sengupta, M.Sc., Ph.D. (London), Principal, Berhampur Krishnath College, was the guest-in-chief and advocate Sri Satyananda Gupta, Chairman, Berhampur Municipality presided over the function. After the National anthem, Bandemataram, the portrait of Master Hahnemann was garlanded by Dr. B. S. Bagchi, Vice-President of the Assocn. After the speech of the guest-in-chief, Dr. S. R. Sengupta, Dr. B. S. Tagore, Dr. B. S. Bagchi, Dr. H. N. Sirkar, Sri Brindaban Chotterjee, Sri Jitesh Ch. Lahiri and others addressed the meeting. A veteran Congress leader and M.L.A. of Murshidabad, Sri Shyamapada Bhattacherjee declared amidst cheers in this meeting that our Government is not indifferent to Homœopathy. Further he addded that in the ensuing meeting of the Legislative Assembly the West-Bengal Homœopathic Bill would be brought in by Dr. J. N. Majumder, M.Sc., M.B., F.R.C.S. of Calcutta.

Dr. S. M. Bhattacherjee, M.A., P.R.S.M., President of the District Homeopathic Assocn. delivered his highly illuminating address on "Humanism in Hahnemann".

The President of the meeting, Sri Gupta, in his concluding speech expressed the hope that our National Government will recognize the usefulness of Homœopathy in a poor country like India and mete out an early attention to the proper utilization of Homœopathy in the cause of humanity.

In conclusion Dr. A. K. Moitra, general secretary of the District Homeopathic Association moved a vote of thanks for the President, chief guest, gentlemen attending and for all those, who co-operated for the success of the function.

THE ANDHRA PRADESH HOMŒO. ASSN.

Resolutions passed at the meeting of the Three Regional Associations of the Andhra Pradesh Homæopathic Association (viz., Telangana, Rayalaseema and Coastal Andhra) held at 9 a.m. on Sunday the 3rd May, 1959 at the Y.M.C.A. Hall, Narayanguda, Hyderabad.

RESOLUTIONS

- I. After a scrutiny of the pamphlets issued by the Krishna District Homœopathic Medical Practitioners' Association, it is resolved to write to the Andhra Pradesh Homœopathic Medical Practitioners, Association, the Ad-hoc Committee of the Andhra Provincial Homœopathic Board and to the Special Officer, Board of Indian Medicines, Andhra Pradesh for elucidation as to under what powers the said A. P. Homœopathic Medical Practitioner's Association and its branches have assumed the authority to certify the competency of the applicants for registration by the Board of Homœopathy as Homœopathic Medical Practitioners and if so, since when. Necessary further action should be taken by the Andhra Pradesh Homœopathic Association by appointing a Sub-Committee with the following members to go into the entire question.
 - 1. Dr. N. M. Jaisoorya,-Chairman.
 - 2. Sri T. V. Veera Raghavan,-General Secretary.
 - 3. Dr. T. P. Seshadri,—Treasurer.
- 2. The Andhra Pradesh Homeopathic Association was established in 1945 and is a Registered Body, affiliated to the All-India Homeopathic Association, extending throughout the Andhra State, comprising of the three Regional Bodies of Telangana, Rayalaseema and Coastal Andhra, with a membership of over 500 and has been propagating the cause of Homeopathy all these years. Representations have been made to government for grants-in-aid to run free Homeopathic Dispensaries for the benefit of the large and increasing number of persons anxious for such aid.

This Association thanks the Government of Andhra Pradesh

for agreeing to help in the establishment of a Homeopathic Dispensary to be run under the auspices of the Association (Telangana Region) and further requests that similar facilities may be extended for running a free dispensary in the Rayalaseema region at Guntakal and another free dispensary in the Coastal Andhra region at Rajahmundry under the auspices of the two Regional Branches of this Association as patterns, forming a nucleus for future expansion.

- 3. This Association has the pleasure to bring to the notice of the Government of Andhra Pradesh that most of the people in rural areas are interested in the Homeopathic system of medicine due to its efficacy and economy. As such, it is resolved to request the Government of Andhra Pradesh to maintain chests of Biochemic Remedies with guides in the regional languages with either the postmaster (local), teacher or social worker interested in the system of medicine to serve the needs of the local population and given them proper and prompt aid.
- 4. This Association urges the Government to take steps for the formation of a separate and independent Board of Homœopathy as in the other states like Madhya Pradesh, Kerala, Bombay, West Bengal, Uttar Pradesh, Bihar and others, and also urges that a separate Homœopathic Act and Rules, as is obtaining in all other States, be brought into force in place of the Andhra Ayurvedic and Homœopathic Medical Practitioners' Registration Act and Rules thereunder.
- 5. This Association resolves to request the Government of Andhra Pradesh to reconstitute the present Board of Homœopathy for Andhra by inclusion of three representatives of this Association, as this Association covers the area formerly coming under Andhra and to refer to this Board all matters concerning Homœopathy.
- 6. It is resolved that the three Regional Units, having merged, be known in future by the name of the Andhra Pradesh Homoopathic Association—Telangana, Rayalaseema and Coastal Andhra Regions respectively.
- 7. It is urged that the Government of Andhra Pradesh take the initiative in the founding of a Teaching Institute in Homocopathy and Homocopathic Hospitals as has been done by

the States of Kerala and Bombay, by availing of the funds allotted by the Central Government in the Second Five Year Plan.

- 8. This Association resolves to place on record its appreciation for the spirited reply given to the speech of Dr. K. Rangacharyulu, President of the Indian Medical Association, Andhra Pradesh Branch, by Dr. V. Umamaheshwar Reddy of Warangal on his own initiative.
- 9. It is resolved that the above resolutions be forwarded to the Government of Andhra Pradesh in the form of a Memorandum.

V. P. VERMA CRITICISES GOVT. ATTITUDE TO HOMEOPATHY

Patna April, 19.

Inaugurating the Bihar Branch of the Society for the Advancement of Homoeopathy at Patna today, Shri V. P. Verma, Speaker of the Bihar Legislative Assembly said that Homoeopathy had rendered service to the humanity in sharp contrast to the allopathic system of medicine. Allopathic system, he said, often has had recourse to the trial and error method and has treated patients 'as if the human body was a laboratory'.

Shri Verma criticised the discriminatory attitude of the authorities towards the Homœopathic system of medicine. He was of the opinion that all the systems of medicines should be allowed to flourish as separate entities and remarked that the integration of systems of medicine was not feasible.

(4) PRESS APPEALED FOR GALLOP POLL.

Patna April, 21.

At a press conference last evening Dr. B. K. Sarkar of Calcutta, the eminent exponent of Homœopathy, and Dr. K. G. Saxena, Homœopathic Physician to the President of India and General Secretary of All-India Institute of Homœopathy, made a fervent appeal to the press in India on behalf of the Institute

to hold a gallop poll to determine the popular will whether an All-India Homocopathic Medical Service was desired, or not.

The two spokesmen of the Institute who visited Patna in connection with the 5th All India Homœopathic Congress held here, described how the Government of India stuck to their policy on the health service decided as early as in 1948 recognising allopathy as the basic system of medicine. Several committees were set up but their recommendations were invariably shelved and now, perhaps in order to break the stillness, another committee was being set up to enquire whether an integrated system of medicine could be brought about. This was being done in spite of authoritative protests that such synthesis is impossible in conception and can only lead to the obliteration of the other systems, thereby by-passing the popular demands.

They also revealed that while the top-most leaders of the Government individually accepted Homocopathy as a good and dependable system, the policy of the Government was self contradictory. There was a stonewall, they pointed out, which bars the recognition of Homocopathy but does not meet the eye.

There has been enough of technical discussion, they said, and the hour had arrived when people in general should be allowed to say without any bias what they wanted. Common people have the greatest evidence with them as they go to any 'Pathy' for relief and cure and can say straight away where they got those.

They stressed that the press in India could hold gallop polls on the issue in bringing to fore the people's verdict.

-Searchlight

(5)

ALL-INDIA HOMŒOPATHIC CONGRESS SESSION Government urged to review policy towards systems of Medicine.

Jayaprakash opens Homæopathic Congress session.

Patna April, 18.

Mr. Jayaprakash Narayan urged the Government today to review its policy towards the various systems of treatment and to take a more scientific view of the situation.

He was inaugurating the All India Homœopathic Congress session held in the Legislator's Club here this morning. About 200 delegates from all over the country are participating in the Congress.

The policy decided upon by the Government in 1948 and 'modern scientific medicine' would be the basis of all national health programmes. By this, Mr. Narayan said, the authorities probably had in mind Allopathy.

This, the Sarvodaya leader added, was entirely wrong. He can never say that Ayurvedic or Unani or Homoeopathic systems have no scientific basis. This amounts to favouritism. Bigger persons with higher social status and power are connected with Allopathy and they might very well be affecting the Government policy towards other forms of medicine. "I think these factors and not scientific considerations have weighed with the authorities in adopting this attitude towards Homoeopathy", he added.

Allopathy has not proved that other systems are unscientific, and moreover, if these systems have had no scientific basis they could not have continued for centuries as they have done.

Mr. Narayan said that even the idea of integration of the various systems was unscientific. All systems should grow and develop independently, and while they grow they may adopt something of other systems too.

So many committees and sub-committees have seen formed and they have submitted their reports but all have been shelved. Mr. Narayan urged that all those reports should be implemented and if necessary a Bill should be adopted by the Parliament safe-guarding the rights and privileges of various forms of treatment. He called upon the Government to adopt an All-India policy based on scientific grounds over this issue.

The Sarvodaya leader expressed his whole hearted sympathy and support to the demands of the Homœopathic Congress, and assured that he would do whatever he could to get their demands accepted.

Messages of good wishes from the President, Dr. Rajendra Prasad, Vice-President, Dr. S. Radhakrishnan, Prime Minister Nehru, Mr. D. P. Karmarkar, Union Health Minister, Mr. K. C. Reddy, Minister for Housing and Supply were read out at the Congress.

-The Sunday Indian Nation

Messages

From Rashtrapati Dr. Rajendra Prasad.

I send my good wishes to the All India Homœopathic Congress which is being held at Patna. As a system of medicine Homœopathy is yet to come into its own in this country, but it would seem that the Government is anxious to put it on a proper footing in the interest of the people as early as practicable. This explains the appointment of another enquiry committee under the chairmanship of Dr. Mudaliar to consider the claims of Homœopathy and indigenous system and to intergrate them into modern medicine. Let me hope as a result of the findings of this committee, mutual differences, if any, would be ironed out and the way cleared for Homœopathy for the service of suffering humanity.

I wish the All India Homocopathic Conference success.

From Dr. Radhakrishnan, Vice-President of India.

I wish your 51st All India Homœopathic Congress to be held on 18th and 19th April, 1959, success.

Shri Jawaharlal Nehru, Prime Minister of India.

I convey my good wishes to the All India Homœopathic Congress to be held at Patna on the 18th April, 1959.

Shri D. P. Karmarkar, Union Minister of Health.

I send my good wishes and greetings to the All India Homeopathic Congress meeting at Patna on the 18th and 19th April. Homeopathy playing the part that it does, in providing medical relief, deserves, and is receiving, the support of the Government by way of promotion of facilities for research and for improving the standard of training in Homeopathy. Homeopathic teaching institutions in the country need to be placed on a better footing so that the subject can be taught in a

scientific manner. Towards this end, the Government of India are taking necessary action by giving financial assistance to schemes of education and research with the help of the Homœopathic Advisory Committee which consist of distinguished representatives of the profession. I trust that the opportunity provided by the Congress will take the interest of homœopathy a step nearer its goal.

Shri K. C. Reddy, Union Minister for Works, Housing and Supply.

I am glad to learn that the All India Homœopathic Congress is meeting shortly at Patna. I am sure the deliberations of the Congress will help in further advancement of Homœopathy. I wish the Congress all success.

Shri Satya Narain Sinha, Minister for Parliamentary Affairs.

I am glad to learn that All India Homeopathic Congress is going to be held on the 18th and 19th of April, 1959, in the metropolis of Bihar and my esteemed friend, Shri Jai Prakash Narayan, is going to inaugurate it. You know I have great faith in homeopathy and, in fact, so far as I am personally concerned, whenever I require any medical treatment, I generally resort to homeopathy. I regret that this branch of medical science has not received yet financial and other kind of help either from the Government or from the general public, but I hope and trust, sooner rather than later, both the people and the Government will realise its usefulness and effectiveness. I wish your conference all success though I regret it will not be physically possible for me to be present on the occasion.

From Deputy Minister Community Development and Co-operation, India.

We are extremely glad that you are taking steps to hold this All India Homœopathic Congress. Homœopathy has been very effective. It is my personal belief that in a poor country like India, Homœopathy which offers medicine at cheap prices, is the most welcome system. I am glad that people like you are taking every possible step for the propagation of the Homœo-

pathic system of medicine in the country. I am also glad that Shri Jai Prakash Narayan is going to inaugurate the Congress and Dr. Magan Lal Desai will preside over it. I wish the function every success.

From Shri G. L. Nanda, Planning Commission, New Delhi.

I am glad to know that the All India Homoeopathic Congress is being held at Patna this week. I send my sincere good wishes for the success of the deliberations.

Homoeopathy has at its back a grand tradition and a splendid record of service to humanity. Whatever the vicissitudes through which it may have to pass, it will live and grow because of its intrinsic merits. Its future will, however, depend on the faith and loyal devotion of those who profess and practise this great healing art.

From Shri S. K. Patil, Minister of Transport and Communications

I am glad to know that an All India Homoeopathic Congress is being held at Patna on the 18th and 19th April, 1959. I send my good wishes for the success of the Congress and hope that it will make an effective contribution for the promotion of this branch of medicine in our country.

From Minister for Railways India, Shri Jagjiwan Ram.

I am glad to know that the All India Homœopathic Congress will be held at Patna from 18th to 19th April, 1959 and that Shri J. P. Narayan will inaugurate it. Homœopathy has its own important place as an effective and cheap system of medicine. The deliberations at Patna Congress will, I hope, be helpful in furthering the cause of Homœopathy in India.

I wish the Congress all success.

From Governor Uttar Pradesh, Shri V. V. Giri.

I send my best wishes for the success of the All India Homocopathic Congress which is being held shortly at Patna.

The success of Homœopathy as a system of Medicine depends upon its efficaciousness without any baneful effects, its cheapness and its scientific basis. I hope the Congress will succeed in lifting up system to such a standard.

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EAST PAK. HOMŒO. COLLEGE

Results of Final Examination

The following Students have passed the M.B.H. Examination from "East Pakistan Homœopathic College," Firinghi Bazar . Road, Chittagong, Session 1958.

ACCORDING TO MERITS.

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A)		
l.	Chandra Mohan Nath,	Chittagong.
2.	Purna Chandra Barua,	Chittagong,
3.	Mr. James B. Das,	Barisal.
4.	Birendra Chandra Banik,	Comilla.
5.	Gopal Krishna Datta,	Chittagong.
6.	Kazi Shah Emran,	Noakhali.
7.	Mr. Augustin A. Sarker,	Barisal.
8.	Kali Prashad Paul,	Chittagong.
9.	Sikandarul Islam,	Noakhali.
10.	Chowdhury Shibhauddin,	Comilla.
11.	Faiz Ahmed Chowdhury,	Chittagong.
12.	Parimal Kanti Shaha,	Tippera.
13.	Md. Abdul Halim,	Noakhali.
14.	A. R. Abdul Halim,	Backerganj.
15.	S. M. Yunus,	Chittagong.
16.	Syed Hussain Majumder,	Noakhali.
17 <i>.</i>	Abdul Nonaf Mollah,	Dacca.
18.	Kali Poda Das Gupta,	Chittagong.
19.	Aminul Hoque,	Mymensingh.
20.	Md. Wakidi,	Noakhali.
21.	Subash Chowdhury,	Chittagong.
22.	Monir Ahmed,	Rangpur.
B) The following have passed in Supplimentary Examination		
23.	23. Jitendra Mallik, Chittagong.	

24. Sahi Alam,

Chittagong.

25. Nural Islam,

Pabna.

(Continued on page 384)

suffering for a month or so or for a year to get the ultimate benefit from the medicine.

It may be for reason unknown the remedy may start showing its worth after a month or so but does it any way lead us to conclude that each and every medicine will do the same? Why should we take a chance and waste such a valuable period of one's like on conjectures? Why should not we change the remedy say after a week when there is no sign of relief or improvement from the said remedy?

I shall be much obliged if you kindly let me know your views on the above.

With thanks,

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Yours faithfully, S. P. Saha, Calcutta.

HOMŒOPATHIC NEWS

(Continued from page 381)

Jayedul Husain,

28. Ahsan Ullah,

29. Ershadur Rahman,

30. Md. Fateh Ali,

Dacca.

Tippera.

Noakhali.

Chittagong.

Kustia.