

## TUBERCULINUM

DR. MARGARET BURGESS-WEBSTER, M.D., PHILADELPHIA

### MIND

ANXIETY, evening until midnight, great *anxiety* for the future, otherwise marked indifference; periodical *anxiety* and terror. *Anguish*, mental depression and apprehension worse in damp weather.

*Fear* and *apprehension*, fear of death, fear of animals, especially *fear of dogs* (China); afraid will die if left alone, afraid she will commit suicide (Merc.).

Is disposed to whine and *complain*, *complains* and whines with any little ailment; dejected, anxious, fretful, peevish, impossible to please him, ill-mannered and quarrelsome, lies in bed and *complains*; lachrymose, weeps without provocation, cannot help it, she is very sad, sits and cries without apparent cause. *Complains continually*.

IRRITABLE, fits of temper, *irritable* on waking (Lyc.), nothing can please him, nothing satisfies. *Anger at trifles*, felt positively ugly, personal aversions become almost a mania. VERY IRRITABLE, wants to fight, no hesitancy in throwing anything at anyone, even without cause.

Nervous excitement, little annoying *trifles* produce uncontrollable *irritability*, must use restraint to keep from profanity (ANAC, Med., Sanic.), must do something to give vent to *pent up nervous irritation*, picks up a chair and slams it down, pounds with fists or draws cane to strike best friend, says harsh unreasonable things which he does not mean, will smash or break things from *pent up nervous strain* (Anac., Bell., Ign., Nux vom.), uses abusive language; wants to get out and walk fast (Arg. nit., Ars., Fluor. ac., Lil. tig., Sulph. ac.) to relieve *nervous tension* (Sepia), or may be so tired cannot walk. Feels as if top of head would burst if she did not scream.

NERVOUS, WEAK, IRRITABLE.

*Anger* followed by trembling, *weakness* and *exhaus-*

*Fretful, snappish, morose, depressed and melancholic even to insanity, weary of life, dejected, taciturn, sulky, weeps but knows not why; naturally a sweet disposition, now on the borderland of insanity.*

*Selfish, self centered, critical, censorious.*

*Deep mental depression in paroxysms, worse before menstruation. Hopelessness with many complaints. Indifferent to everything, nothing satisfies.*

*Nervous irritation, aversion to labor, aversion to mental work. Concentration and comprehension almost impossible, must read a paragraph several times before can comprehend it. Memory weak or lost, unable to think or comprehend.*

*Sudden exhaustion of mind and body, mind tired, confusion and weariness, everything is too much effort. Brain fag. No ambition to do anything, thought it too hard work to go to breakfast.*

*Sudden inclination to curse and swear, uses vulgar language without realizing, but regrets it at once after uttering words.*

*EXTREMELY SENSITIVE to all impressions (MED.), to music, to light, to noise, to pain, to touch, every trifle irritates. Cannot bear anything white or any reflected light, door knobs and mirrors in room must be covered, cannot tolerate nurse's white uniform. Oversensitive to conversation (MED.), weary of life, so discouraged would rather die than live. Hated to talk or be talked to, for fear would have to answer questions.*

*Everything in room seems strange as though in a strange place; dazed, confused, unable to find right way; surroundings seem strange. Everything seems too large, room seems too large.*

*Intense restlessness, inward restlessness, restless mentally and physically, always wants to be doing something, constant desire for change of occupation, or for change of scene, desire to travel (Calc. phos., Sepia). Mental unrest, wants something different. Constantly*

*changing* doctors. *Very restless* in the evening when aroused. Wants to get out and walk fast to relieve *nervous tension*. *Tired, restless*, cannot settle down to duties; so nervous, as if she would fly.

*Dissatisfied*, reckless.

Alternating moods, *variableness*, wants this and that but refused when offered, especially true of appetite.

Mental activity day and night, crowding thoughts prevent sleep (Coff.); tormenting persistent thought during the night.

Indecision, full of doubts; is in agony trying to decide the most *trivial* things. Cannot keep herself at anything, apt to wander about.

Worries over *trifles*. Wakens with sense of horror at something that is to happen.

Cannot bear to have people behind her (thinks some one is behind her, Med., Sanic.), must sit in back of hall at an entertainment, must wait on street for someone to pass her.

Everybody appears in a rush, the sensation of it crushes her.

Hysteria.

Does not like to be disturbed with trembling of hands and feet.

Sensitive to suffering of others and to mental changes of others.

Easily startled, easily offended, broods much.

Sopor, somnolence with loss of vital force, great physical *weakness*, sensibilities dulled with chill and aching in head, back and limbs. Would stand or sit as if in deep thought or reflection, while in reality was doing neither but in a stupor.

Coma, profound, lasting three days with temperature 106 degrees. Delirium and serious meningeal symptoms, delirium and loquacity during fever. Complete unconsciousness, stupor and stertorous breathing, FAMILY HISTORY OF TUBERCULAR AFFECTIONS.

Insanity, acute or chronic, with FAMILY HISTORY OF TUBERCULOSIS, "a general lowering of the mental fibre in people whose forbears have had phthisis." "When the best selected remedy fails to relieve or permanently cure in a *marked tubercular diathesis*, with a *family history of tuberculosis*." (H. C. Allen).

#### SENSORIUM

Vertigo especially in morning, head heavy with obscuration of eyes, is obliged to lean on something.

VERTIGO, FREQUENT and sudden, on bending down, especially on rising after bending over, after dinner, while lying on right side, on turning over on right side, on quick motion.

Vertigo, feels uncertain as if head were going around in a circle, worse when getting up to walk, fear others may think he is drunk. Vertigo as if turning in a circle, as if falling.

When turns over in bed feels as if head were sinking backwards, to change position must sit up in bed in order to avoid this feeling. Cannot lean back when rocking in chair or feels as if going over backwards. If closes eyes on first lying down, except when lying on left side, sensation as if bed were swaying from side to side like a hammock.

Vertigo, with headache, with blindness from quick motion or stooping, with palpitation, with nausea, with backache in morning.

#### HEAD

Great heat in head, flushes of heat after dinner, sensation of heat in head in evening.

HEADACHES, DEEP in forehead, DEEP in temples, on vertex with sensation of heat, from neck to forehead, in morning, passing away in afternoon, in afternoon, in evening, in morning with bleeding of nose.

Headache beginning in either eye, and shooting from

over eyes to occiput, or beginning in occiput and settling over in one or both eyes. Burning in occiput.

Pains in cervical region, throbbing on vertex, eyes sensitive to light. Pains in cervical region from *exhaustion*, great heaviness of head and pains in occiput and neck.

Sensation of heaviness on vertex, crushing pain on vertex, worse turning head far to right. Pain on vertex and sides relieved by pressure.

Piercing headache, bursting, hammering, throbbing. Piercing headache in forehead from 10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Headache from neck to forehead, burning, piercing.

Nervous headache from loss of sleep and nervous exhaustion.

Chronic sick headache every week or every two weeks. Sick headache commencing about 8 a.m., increasing in severity through day, location of pain *changeable*, leaning the head to one side would increase pain on that side.

Headache just before or at close of menstrual period, so severe as to cause fainting.

Headache on first opening eyes in morning, wants blinds down and even a pillow pressed hard over the eyes to exclude the light. Dull headache on waking. Head sensitive to drafts, wears a light scarf about head.

Sensation as if brain were squeezed with iron band, sensation of a *band about head*.

Constitutional headaches of irregular periodicity, caused by anything which lowers the resistance of the individual. "*Calc. carb.* and *Tub.* are often complementary in these conditions." (Kent).

DEEP changing head pains every week (*Lac. def.*, *Pros.*, *Sang.*, *Sanic.*, *Sil.*, *Sulph.*), every two weeks (*Ars.*, *Sulph.*), from overeating or disordered stomach, mental excitement, (*Epiphegus*, *NAT. MUR.*, *NUX VOM.*, *PHOS. AC.*, *PSOR.*, *PULS.*, *STAPH.*), overwork, damp weather.

Brain feels loose and rolling around from side to side. A strange sensation in head on first lying down as if some light substance was rolling from above eyes to vertex.

Darting pain in occiput extending down spine, burning in occiput. *Tension in occiput and nape of neck.*

DEEP BRAIN HEADACHES (Calc. carb., Syph.) and *intense neuralgias.*

*Violent headaches.*

Headache, pains *erratic, changing from place to place.*

Deep brain pains in paroxysms, pain worse in occiput drawing head backward with *tension down spine* extending out to shoulders. *Tension in nape of neck, relieved by bending head backwards.*

Wards off headache by having head outside window.

Headache after a shampoo.

Head pains awaken in morning, first in eyes, then in parietes and forehead, sharp neuralgic pains; shooting pains in parietes and behind ear, relieved by cold applications.

Headache when *over-tired*, wakens with it, root of nose, forehead, vertex hard throbbing, < motion, nausea, gagging.

NEURALGIAS (*Med. wandering neuralgias in damp weather*).

Headache *intense and frequent*, begins with black patches and rings falling rapidly before the eyes, then everything becomes dark and misty, then vision of only right half of object, followed by headache in eyes, forehead, vertex and occiput, < riding, > quiet, > darkness.

Headaches intense and frequent, long continued, begin in both eyes, < light, < motion.

Head wrapped at night to protect from drafts, scalp pains in cold air, scalp sensitive, scalp sore, hair falling.

Headache dull and confused intense during and after menses, begins late in afternoon, wakens her between 2 and 4 a.m., right or left temple, or first one side and then the other during one attack; steady intense pain extending into teeth and jaw, throbbing, < lying, < motion, < light, < noise, great restlessness and chilliness with perspiration.

Soreness in occiput and nape of neck after headache, scalp sensitive after headache, heavy sleep and intense *exhaustion* before headache, *faintness* during headache.

Headache at 8 p.m., neurotic, *first one place then another*; over one eye then the other, then the occiput and down the spine.

Severe headache with vertigo in afternoon; dizzy, sick at the stomach sensation like seasickness.

Headache commencing about 10 a.m., increasing until 3 or 4 p.m., pains *erratic, changing place rapidly, first in one place then in another*, not relieved in any position.

Severe headache beginning over left mastoid process and extending over head to the opposite side.

Heaviness in occiput and nape of neck.

Cracking in occiput and nape of neck.

Headache with frequent, sharp, cutting pains passing from above right eye through head to back of left ear. (Rose).

Headache of *great intensity* preceded by shuddering chill passing from brain down spine with sensation as though head above eyes were swollen; became unconscious with screaming, tearing her hair, beating her head with fists (Acon.), or trying to dash it against the wall or floor. (Swan). Headache of forty-five years' standing, pain passing from *right frontal protuberance to right occipital region*. (Swan).

*Terrible pain* in head as if he had a *tight hoop of iron around it*; trembling of hands, distressing *sensation of damp clothes* on his spine, almost absolute sleeplessness, profound adynamia; was thought by his friends to be on the verge of insanity; most of his brothers and sisters had died of water on brain; right lung solid, probably from healed up cavities, as he at once time suffered from pulmonary phthisis. (Burnett).

Tubercular meningitis with effusion, head greatly enlarged; alternately wakeful and delirious at night, talked nonsense all day at intervals; nocturnal hallucinations,

fright, delirium; pyrexia; had eczema which almost disappeared after two unsuccessful vaccinations and which were soon followed by this condition; after administration of remedy there occurred a pustular eruption, then patches of a lepra and eczema appeared. (Burnett).

Acute cerebral meningitis with intense strabismus. (Biegler).

Scalp sensitive. Eczema.

Hair oily, greasy or dry, lusterless; hair falling out. Alopecia areata. (Burnett).

Plica polonica, several bad cases permanently cured by *Tuberculinum*. (Jackson).

Cold sweat on head (Calc. carb.), profuse perspiration on head, easy perspiration on head and neck.

Headaches preceded by: zigzag flashes (*Nat. mur.*); dim vision, (IRIS, *Kali bich.*, *Lac. can.*, *Lac. def.*, *Phos.*, *Psor.*); diplopia; vertigo; colored spots before eyes (*Psor.*); loss of vision; intense *exhaustion*; heavy sleep.

Headaches accompanied by: obscuration of sight; vertigo; bleeding of nose; rushing in ears; fainting; great restlessness; stupor and drowsiness.

Headache in morning; 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.; in afternoon; in evening; every week; every two weeks; waking early in a.m.; < from motion; using eyes; eyes sensitive to turning sideways; mental exertion; overeating; overwork; damp weather; going up stairs; riding; conversation; after a bath; after a shampoo; noise; drafts; cold weather.

Headache > *open air* (LYC., PULS.); (> motion in open air, Scut.); pressure; quiet; darkness; wrapping head warmly; *fresh air*; wards off headaches by having head out window.

#### EYES

Swollen lids; headache with swollen lids in morning. Right eye much swollen, conjunctiva inflamed. Puffy around eyes, œdema of lids.

Eyes surrounded by blue rings, worse at menstrual period.

Dullness and heaviness of eyes; darkness before eyes; obscuration of vision before headache; vertigo. Constant dull aching pain in eyes which look tired and weak; lids heavy, wants to close them, could not read more than ten minutes without closing eyes to relieve pain and aching.

Eyeballs sore, bruised, sensitive to turning balls sideways; sensitive to touch.

Conjunctivities; herpes on lids; granular lids; scaly lids; crusts on lids; eczema tarsi.

Many styes. Styes on right upper lid; right lower lid, discharging *green pus*.

*Photophobia*; myopia; astigmatism; amblyopia; pupils dilated or dilated unevenly; irregularity or complete paralysis of pupil.

Letters run together.

Illusions of color; blue and green.

Halo about light.

Horizontal half vision (ARS., *Aur.*).

Breaking down of cicatrices of old corneal ulcers; clearing of corneal opacity. (Stokes).

Small grey or yellow nodules on palpebral conjunctiva increased in size, ran together, then suddenly disappeared.

#### EARS

Tinnitus; rushing in ears with heavy head; headache with rushing in ears and pressure on vertex.

Stopped feeling in right ear; hearing > in reclining position.

Hearing sensitive, especially to noise.

Sticking pain from pharynx to ears; great aching in ears and teeth.

"Earache wakens out of sleep; frantic screaming, cannot endure pain; asleep in fifteen minutes after *Tuberculinum*."

Aching of ears and teeth with coryza and headache in evening.

Yellow purulent discharge from ears, foetid purulent discharge; yellow matter from right ear.

Swelling of glands around the ear, worse below and behind ear and on neck; *desires fresh air and wants to be out of doors*; fretful at night.

Oozing behind ears; rawness, soreness; itching, fiery red when crusts are removed.

Putrid otorrhœa (*Psor.*).

#### NOSE

Coryza; increased secretion of mucus with frontal headache. Fluent coryza, stopped coryza. Sneezing, burning, watery coryza; *seemed to have fresh cold all the time*, from every breath of fresh air.

Discharge thick yellow, odor of old cheese, constantly dropping back into throat, especially after a cold. Viscid *yellow green* mucus from nose. *Greenish* mucus from nose; thick tenacious grey mucus.

*Seems to have a fresh cold with every change of weather*, blowing blood from nose constantly, profuse discharge of bloody mucus.

Awakened daily at 5 a.m. to clear nose and throat.

Bleeding of nose; bright red blood from slightest provocation, from blowing nose; nosebleed from draft (*Bell.*).

Small boils in nose, very painful; green pus (*Sec. corn.*). Small boil at end of nose, at upper nasal commissure and one on upper lip; small dark red in color and contain green pus. Boils very slow in healing. Crops of intensely painful small boils on nose; *green*, foetid pus.

Soreness inside nose commencing as watery pimples, which suppurate, forming scabs; nose and lips somewhat swollen, slight itching.

Comedones on nose, surrounded with minute pustules.

The nose which used to feel "hot and burning" has lost this sensation.

*Adenoids causing mechanical interference.* (*J. T. Kent.*)

Nose swollen, tense, erysipelatous looking, epidermis in lupus patch raised by yellow fluid.

Perspires much across nose (Cina, Nat. mur., Ruta).

#### FACE

Old, dingy look. Oily, greasy (Sulph.). dingy skin.

Oedematous, pale face; anæmic, waxy; puffy about eyes; puffed, waxy, swollen all over including eyes, < a.m., with enlarged cervical glands.

Face red, almost purple, during heat and chill; circumscribed redness of one or both cheeks in afternoon. Flushing of face from mental emotion.

Great bronze patches on forehead and temples.

Red lips (Sulph.), blood seems almost ready to ooze out; swelling of upper lip (Calc. carb.), upper lip and nose swollen; swelling and itching of lips; oedema of upper lip.

Aching malar bones (Glon., Merc. i. r.).

Uncontrollable motion of mouth and lips in chorea.

Clonic convulsions of facial muscles especially buccinator.

Acne, comedones on face almost like boils, especially on nose and chin.

Herpetic eruption on lips, must drink through a straw.

Hair of left mustache fell out; left upper lip completely denuded of hair.

#### TEETH

Feeling as if teeth were jammed together (Lach., Merc. i. f.), and too many for his jaw.

Teeth feel loose. Teeth sensitive to air. Sordes on teeth. Vague toothache.

Inflammation of gums, scurvy like; gums turgescant, felt tender.

Teething; gums swollen and tender.

Difficult dentition with meningeal symptoms. (H. C. Allen).

*Delayed dentition.* (C. M. Boger).

*Grinding teeth during sleep* (Cina).

Teeth decay at edge of gums (Staph., Syph.).  
Notched incisors. (Burnett).

## MOUTH

Tongue foul, furred; white or yellowish coating; coated white at back and through center; coated greyish with bad odor from mouth.

Red streak down center of tongue; tongue swollen red with deep cracks; sore, red as raw beef.

Strawberry tongue.

Tongue sore at tip; scalded sensation on tongue and in mouth as though burnt.

Tongue dry. Lips dry and chapped; entire mouth very dry but no thirst, worse in a.m. on rising; mouth and throat dry. Saliva diminished; wakened several times at night on account of dryness of mouth. Mouth, lips and tongue dry and parched.

Lips and tongue purplish; black blisters on lips.

Aphthæ on tongue and buccal mucosa.

Mouth sticky; breath offensive.

Taste: salty; purulent; bitter; putrid; foul; lost; altered; metallic; bitter; disagreeable, nothing tasted natural.

Palate: granulations enormously swollen and vascular.

## THROAT

Aching in pharynx and larynx; scratching in pharynx.  
*Chronically enlarged tonsils.*

*Frequent tonsillitis.* General inflammatory condition of Pharyngeal mucous membrane.

Tickling in throat exciting cough; sensation of mucus in throat; sensation of a tumor in throat; sensation of constriction in throat and larynx; burning pain in throat; dryness in throat; heaviness and sensation of rattling; sensation of a lump in throat.

Retropharyngeal abscess.

Aching extending from throat to ears; pains shooting to left ear when swallowing; unable to eat solids; intense

pain in nasopharynx on swallowing; needle-like pains in left side of throat, < by swallowing.

Sensation as if throat were swollen on right side; expectorating a great deal of mucus from posterior nares, < immediately after eating. Hawks mucus after eating (Sil.).

Dryness of throat and posterior nares with a dry tickling cough at night.

Hawks up cheesy lumps.

Globus hystericus.

"Always carry *Tuberculinum* in mind when treating acute throat troubles". (R. E. S. Hayes).

(To be continued)

—*The Homœopathic Recorder*, Jan., 1956.

### PRESIDENTIAL ADDRESS\*

DR. BANAMALI KRISHNA, DEHRA DUN (U.P.)

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN!

This year we are celebrating the 201st birthday of Dr. Samuel Hahnemann, the founder of Homœopathy. He was born in Germany in the year 1755 and lived to a ripe old age of 88 years, full of vigour and health. Just before his death he had presented the world with his sixth edition of *ORGANON OF MEDICINE*, the epitome of his life's experiences.

Dr. Hahnemann was centuries ahead of his times. What he taught over a hundred years ago and what every homœopath knows and practices every day is now being cognized by the greatest of the present day scientists. It has been pointed out by Dr. N. M. Jaisooria, M.D., M.P. and a well grounded Allopath by training but a Homœopath by faith, in his address at Gaya and Calcutta last year that the highest authorities who are responsible for the training of Allo-

\* Delivered on the occasion of the 201st birthday anniversary of Master Hahnemann, under the auspices of the Dist. Homœo. Asscn., Dehra Dun (U.P.).

*Sulphur*, on the contrary, is the ragged philosopher.

*Ignatia* is the sighing remedy—and the remedy of contradictory symptoms.

*Nux mosch.* moves in a dream, and takes no interest.

*Stramonium* has impulses to curse and swear; and *Hyoscyamus* to obscenity.

*Chamomilla* is irritable beyond bearing.

Drugs become personalities. And as in measure as this is the case, will be our skill in prescribing.

From about 1920 until the present time our colleague, Dr. W. E. Boyd, M.A., M.D., M.Brit. I.R.E., of Glasgow, has been engaged on the laboratory study of the nature and action of homœopathic potencies, culminating in a report on "*Biochemical and Biological Evidence of the Activity of High Potencies*," which has stirred the scientific world.

The purpose of the research described in the paper, and carried out over a number of years, was to show that a substance, in this case mercuric chloride, prepared by serial dilution and mechanical shock through 28 stages, resulting in a theoretical dilution of  $1 \times 10^{-81}$ , far beyond the molecular range, was capable of influencing the rate of hydrolysis of starch by diastase.

(To be continued)

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(Continued from page 415)

### APPETITE

Appetite good, enjoys food, but loses weight (Abrot., Iod., Nat. mur.).

Desire to eat at once or faint feeling; *nervous all gone feeling*.

Craving for food, for something to eat, but not relieved by eating.

So hungry gets up at night to eat (CHIN., LYC., PHOS., PSOR.).

Great thirst for large quantities of cold water; thirst for small quantities of water; extreme thirst day and night; burning thirst in a.m. Thirstless. Great thirst for hot water which does not relieve.

Desire for fresh raw beef; salt, smoked meat (Caut., Kreos.); cream; ice cream before menses; stimulants; sweets; candy; fruit; juicy, refreshing things (Phos. ac., Sabadilla); for cold milk (Chel., Phos., Phos. ac., Rhus tox., Sanic.); salt; salty food; cold drinks; hot water, highly seasoned food; cracked ice; herring (Med., Syph.); acids.

Loss of appetite, especially in morning.

Aversion to food, especially to meat, which it is almost impossible to eat; acids (*Psor.*, *Sanic.*, *Sulph.*, *Syph.*); always drank coffee but cannot bear even the odor of it now, < headache.

Desires warm food (*Ars.*, *Cupr.*, *Ferr.*, *Lyc.*); fat (NIT. AC., *Ars.*, *Nux vom.*, *Mez.*, *Rad. brom.*).

#### STOMACH

Eructations and sensation of fulness in stomach. Tasteless eructations, < after eating. Belching with burning sensation in œsophagus from stomach to mouth.

Nausea, vomiting; nausea with efforts to vomit with colic and diarrhœa; nausea with pains in umbilical region and diarrhœa.

Constant nausea, but could not vomit.

Nausea and repugnance at sight of food or from odor of cooking food.

Nausea in morning after breakfast; sickness in stomach and pressing; with racking and stirring in stomach and increased thirst; nausea in a.m. with heaviness in stomach.

Nausea of pregnancy, empty stomach not relieved by eating, but nausea relieved by eating, stomach sensitive to

pressure, sensation of a load after eating, > by evacuation of bowels, exhausted, irritable. (L. S. Guild-Leggett.)

Vomiting after meals; in a.m. on first rising; after dinner; after every meal in children with disturbed digestion. Vomiting expulsive, first contents of stomach, then mucus and bile, severe vomiting with relief to headache.

Vomiting; sweetish; bitter; sour, sets teeth on edge.

Vomiting spells in child of eight years, since 18 months old. Spells come from exhaustion, from overplay, over eating or slight cold. Begin invariably in a.m. when attempting to get up and last three or four days without remission. Stomach will tolerate not even a sip of hot or cold water; nausea from pit of stomach; vomiting frothy, slimy mucus, yellow phlegm, bile, sour, bitter, blood-streaked, relieved for about ten minutes after vomiting, then nausea returns. Moaning even in sleep with deathly nausea. Enlarged mesenteric glands. Cured by *Tuberculinum*. (H. C. Allen.)

Pressure in stomach going to throat as if clothes were too tight.

Cramping pains in stomach; sticking pains; as if stomach were gripped by a hand; pressing, continuous pain.

Empty sensation after eating as if not satisfied; empty twisted sensation in epigastrium, followed by another stool; empty sensation; all gone sensation.

*An all gone hungry sensation* that drives him to eat; this has been cured by *Tub.* after *Sulph.* had failed. (J. T. Kent.)

Windy dyspepsia, with pinching and pains under ribs of right side in mammary line.

Full sensation after eating a few mouthfuls.

#### ABDOMEN

Cramping pains; sensation of constriction; colic with great thirst.

Dull pain and rumbling in a.m., constantly changing from side to side.

"Drum belly."

Bloated sensation in abdomen all day. Borborygmus, much rattling and rumbling; sensation as if abdomen were greatly distended, *clothing very oppressive, particularly about the waist*, obliged to remove corset for fear of suffocation. Bursting sensation in abdomen.

Region of umbilicus so sensitive cannot bear the least pressure, it nauseates.

Pain in region of spleen. Spleen enlarged.

Easily chilled about abdomen, must wear flannel bandage even in summer.

Burning like coals of fire in abdomen.

*Empty faint feeling* in abdomen; *all gone hungry feeling* after Sulph. has failed (Hydras., sinking, *empty hunger* with loathing of food and obstinate constipation with no desire for stool). *Empty sensation* in abdomen followed by burning from waist through lower extremities.

*Fatigue* and sickness in stomach and abdomen; sticking pains deep in spleen; severe pain in region of liver. Aching, sticking in region of liver and spleen; pain in region of appendix.

Tabes mesenterica; *indurated* and *palpable glands* throughout abdomen; drum belly; spleen region bulging out. (Burnett.)

Tubercular peritonitis.

Mass of enlarged glands in right iliac fossa became much smaller. *Glands* of both groins *enlarged and indurated*. Inguinal *glands indurated* and visible, excessive sweat, chronic diarrhoea.

Attacks of abdominal pain with high fever every five or six weeks for nearly a year, sensation of a ball in the abdomen, pain mostly just below the umbilicus, > after eating.

Papular rash on chest and abdomen; pustules on abdomen and back; becoming brownish.

Gurgling, rumbling in abdomen, as if quarts of water were in stomach and bowels.

## STOOL AND ANUS

Many stomach and bowel disturbances, including *rectal hæmorrhage*. (Nettie Campbell.)

*Constipation*; stool hard, dry, with wind colic; stool large and hard; stool large, hard and so painful must recline on face for half an hour after.

Torpidity of intestines with rumbling of gas in abdomen.

Constipation for years, only one stool in seven or eight days for years, so painful, even after an enema, would as soon have a baby (Lac def., Syph.). Paralytic weakness of rectum with laborlike pains.

*Constipation* and *hæmorrhage* from rectum; hæmorrhoids and hæmorrhages.

Pressure and constriction in rectum; pain in rectum; itching in anus; drawing and constriction. Constant urging to stool, often ineffectual; seems to be in sphincter muscle.

Constant ineffectual desire; tenesmus and ineffectual urging day and night; no rest, disturbed unrefreshing sleep; tenesmus begins as soon as fæces pass over lower portion of rectum. Gets weary sitting but dreads to move as motion < the tenesmus.

Fissures of rectum (Syph.).

Fæcal impaction, rectum packed with rather soft mass but powerless to expel.

During cough feels as if rectum would be torn out.

Obstinate constipation followed by offensive diarrhœa.

*Early morning diarrhœa*, < if moves around; urgent, watery, dark brown and offensive; passing with great force; evacuations discharged from bowels as from a pop gun; 5 to 6 a.m., early morning, urgent, ineffectual, with tenesmus; watery, painless, bright yellow; watery, profuse, gushing at 6:30 a.m.; a slight motion, as turning in bed, necessitates getting up in a hurry with a rush of horribly offensive stool.

Brown, foul, watery, explosive stool.

Sweat with diarrhoea.

Diarrhoea before breakfast, imperative, with nausea; diarrhoea at 10 p.m. and at 3 to 4 a.m.

Diarrhoea acrid, excoriating anus, buttocks and scrotum after failure of Sulph. in a twenty-two day old child with broncho-pneumonia. (Nettie Campbell.)

Painless diarrhoea at menstrual period, the only time the bowels moved regularly.

Stool, pale yellow; light grey; undigested; profuse watery; ill smelling like old cheese at 5 p.m.; large quantities of mucus with stool.

Alternate constipation and diarrhoea; with intense cramping in abdomen.

Cholera infantum. (Swan.)

#### URINARY ORGANS

Urine intermits, stops and starts; flows slowly; must strain at stool to pass urine; unable to pass urine no matter how hard he strains or how full the bladder until after the spasm of anus, then it flows and stops and flows again for several times.

Must urinate frequently especially during *changes of weather*.

Nocturnal enuresis; profuse, drenching everything; strong odor as of ammonia.

"Tuberculinum will cure one-third of cases of nocturnal enuresis." (H. C. Allen.) (Enuresis, especially at full moon, Psor.)

Ropy mucus, excess of urates; albumin; abundant viscid mucus in urine.

Urine frequent, copious, deposits yellow reddish cloud on standing, loaded with urates.

Urine odor of boiling beans; ammoniacal.

Hæmaturia with renal pain.

Urine excoriating; sticky sediment.

#### MALE SEXUAL ORGANS

Pain in testicles and cord of left side.

Relaxed scrotum.

Relaxation of genitals; spermatorrhœa, with or without nocturnal emissions, with *weakness* and *exhaustion* following; sore bruised feeling all over.

Involuntary emissions, with or without erections and with or without dreams, six or eight a month, followed for two days by *extrême exhaustion*; family history of pulmonary tuberculosis.

#### FEMALE SEXUAL ORGANS

Delayed first menstruation in young girls. *Amenorrhœa*.

*Dysmenorrhœa* in tall, slender, narrow chested girls, especially if giving a *tubercular family history*.

Severe pains in breasts in evening at beginning of menstruation. Breasts sore as boils for one week before menstruation (Con., Lac can.) (Breasts very sensitive at non-menstrual period, Med.) > as soon as flow begins.

Menstruation with pains in lumbo-sacral and ovarian region, < when walking; sticking pains in lower abdomen; *weakness* in genital region, dragging down, tired, heavy feeling, as if parts would come out.

Uterus feels heavy and sagged; sense of prolapsus, < standing, must move (*Sep.*, *Sulph.*).

Pain in back before and during menses.

Menses gushing, clotted, membranous (Med.), leaving dark green stain difficult to wash out (Mag. carb., Med.).

Mental excitement causes return of flow (Calc. carb., Sulph.)

Menses profuse and protracted, with *great exhaustion* and dark circles under eyes.

*Frightful dysmenorrhœa* (Med.); with fainting (LACH.)

Menses excessive and painful; with painless diarrhœa before, and during and after (Am. carb., Bov.).

Pains increase with the establishment of the menstrual flow (Cimic.).

*Dysmenorrhœa*; pains in lumber and sacral region and through ovaries, which are sensitive to touch. Dys-

menorrhœa; pain through entire pelvis, back and thighs, depression during menses, *weeps at trifles*; *weakness* following menses, *intense debility* for nearly two weeks; sinking spells with menses. Uterine cramps.

Menses too soon, too long lasting; offensive; early, offensive, scanty, dark flow; too late, clotted. Copious with *much weakness* during the flow, also much *weakness* after the flow.

Burning pains in external genitals; burning pains in ovarian region; pains in sacral and ovarian region to hip joints.

Menses regular to the day (Lach.); profuse, protracted, *exhausting* (Calc. carb.); dribbles for a week; dark and clotted.

Leucorrhœa; acrid, profuse; brownish; yellow, offensive, running down to the heels in large quantities (Alum., Onos., Syph.). Leucorrhœa albuminous; bland; milky; watery; < when on feet; brownish, excoriating, offensive, gushing; yellow, thick, offensive, excoriating.

Always in best of health while pregnant, and then goes down rapidly after confinement. (H. C. Allen.)

Menstruation returns too soon after confinement. This symptom I have confirmed and find it to be attended with other symptoms diagnostic of a pretubercular condition (the Calcareas). (G. M. Thacher.)

Menstruation during lactation (Calc. carb., Calc. phos., Pall., Sil.), the mother losing weight.

Caked breasts from every little exposure.

Milk poor in quality and scant.

Cancer of breast, so diagnosed by best allœopathic authority in Boston, no history of grief or traumatism. The most peculiar symptoms about it were its tubercular, small hard nodules in the gland, a superficial string extending to the axilla. Previously had suffered from severe headaches, since the growth appeared headaches had ceased. The nipple was retracted. On account of tubercular character of growths, the history of former headaches,

which were similar to those of Tub., I gave the patient one dose. In forty-eight hours burning, lancinating pains began in the growth; had previously suffered from burning pain which was palliated by sedatives. The burning, lancinating pains continued two or three days, then gradually disappeared. The retraction of the nipples was less marked, the tubercles softened, the pains disappeared, and the general health promptly improved. (H. C. Allen.)

Nodes in breasts (CON., Iod., PHYT., SIL., CARB. AN.).

#### RESPIRATORY ORGANS

Great affinity for larynx and trachea; decided effect in laryngeal cases, mostly beneficial. Central infiltration of mucous membrane of larynx, high red color, brighter than usual; inflammatory swelling and ulceration of larynx.

Enormous swelling of arytenoids. Tuberculous outgrowth.

Hyperæmia of cords intensified and covered with minute ulcerating points.

Voice husky from least exposure to damp air. Voice weak, tires easily; voice breaks, voice lost, can only whisper.

Cough dry, hacking, teasing, little expectoration.

Cough and expectoration lasting four months from a wetting. Mucous rattle in chest without expectoration (Ant. tart.).

*Cough persistent and recurrent, with green sputum.*

Cough with little rest day or night, completely exhausted; chest and abdominal muscles from coughing; scanty expectoration.

Cough tight, deep, prolonged, *expectoration hard to raise and scanty*, frothy, albuminous, seems from deep in chest.

Fits of coughing with chill until red in the face and tears come; head feels like bursting with gagging and vomiting of clear viscid mucus before relief comes.

Irritating cough < at night ; cough prevents sleep in evening.

Hard, dry cough shaking patient, more during sleep but did not waken him.

Husky cough sounds loose but *cannot raise anything* ; deep cough with soreness under sternum ; talking < cough ; < in a.m. until noon ; must sleep with head high at night and *must have plenty of fresh air* ; AIR HUNGER ; chilliness yet *suffocating in a warm room*.

Cough < in a warm room or with wraps on ; > from *fresh air* ; > by open window ; > by removing wraps ; > walking in open air ; > by swallow of cold water ; < on first lying down in *evening* and *in a.m. when wakens* ; early morning cough ; cough if feet get *damp* or cold (Sil.) ; < from becoming overhead, but all pains are > by heat ; < on deep inspiration, *evening*, < raising arms (Ol. j).

Palpitation and pains in back with cough ; cough with tightness of chest (Phos.) ; with *sticking pains* in lungs and palpitation ; cough with secretion of phlegm especially free while walking.

Tearing in rectum on coughing (*Kali carb., Lach.*).

Extreme rapidity of respiration without dyspnoea, 60 to 90 in minute as with a dog panting in sun ; if patient is spoken to rapid breathing ceases at once. (Heron.)

Is obliged to take deep inspirations, dyspnoea, **MUST HAVE FRESH AIR.**

Marked feeling of suffocation ; *suffocative sensation* even with plenty of fresh air.

Smothering attacks, will beat the air with her hands in anguish, thinks she will die.

Dyspnoea ; > riding in cold wind (*Arg. nit.*) (Psor. cannot breathe in open air, cannot breathe while standing, breathes better lying down with arms spread apart). "Phthisical patients find no comfort except riding in cold wind." (G. H. Thacher.)

Superficial or sighing respiration from nerve *exhaustion*.

Difficult respiration, especially inspiration, with *weakness* and anxiety.

*Desire for deep breathing* which strengthens and relieves, but too weak to keep it up.

*Longing for fresh air*, wants window open and breathes fresh air, but must be well wrapped or will take cold.

*Long continued cough after recurrent influenza*, disposition to take cold.

When in open air must cover the mouth and nostrils to warm the air to prevent coughing. Rumex relieves, Tub. will cure. (H. C. Allen.)

Recurrent croup. (H. C. Allen.)

Expectoration; albuminous; greenish yellow; *green*; salty; bloody or blood streaked; slimy; tenacious; offensive odor; *scanty*; *hard to raise*; *viscid*; non-viscid, very easily detached; yellow, blood streaked.

*Annual attack of grip*, usually in February; one dose of Tuberculinum every two weeks from November first, prevented recurrence for the next five years. G. P. Waring.)

*Lack of reaction after pneumonia* (Carb. veg., Chin., Phos., Psor.), cough remaining for months, with loss of flesh and strength. (Nettie Campbell.)

Death rattle in consumption; they go down to grave in peace. (H. C. Allen.)

#### CHEST

Thorax of pigeon-breast type; or flat chested.

Sensation of pressure on chest; oppression as great as Phos. or Sulph.; constriction.

Sensation of heat in chest; sticking pain in chest especially at apex of left lung.

*Sticking pains*: in lungs; in left side; between scapulæ, in right and left sides of chest; in lungs when laughing; in lungs with cough and palpitation; in left lung; in chest and back < from every movement; in both sides of chest to back; at apex of left lung.

Stitches in left side in region of short ribs from running (Cimic., Ran. bulb.).

Pain from clavicles to throat ; from left lung to axilla ; from apex of lung radiating to axilla and arm ; from left side going back ; pain in left apex and spleen region ; pain in left side, must take a deep inspiration.

Chest sore, first in one place then in another.

Burning sensation in both lungs, < in the open air ; severe burning sensation in apex of right lung, under second rib.

Sore spot in chest (Ol. jec., Seneg.).

Pleurisy with effusion.

Hæmoptysis with sharp lancinating pains in lungs.

Hæmorrhage from right upper lung, one man who had profuse hæmorrhage has since passed life insurance examination. (Nettie Campbell.)

Sudden profuse hæmoptysis.

Pneumonia, temperature 105.4°, cough loose but too exhausted to raise mucus with fine rattling rales, chest full of mucus which threatened to suffocate, great thirst for cold water, fan-like motion of alæ nasi. Tuberculinum caused a prompt resolution. (Dr. Ghose.)

PNEUMONIA : oppression of breathing with mucopurulent, viscid or rust colored expectoration.

*Tubercular deposits commencing in apex of left lung.*

Difficulty in breathing resulting in bronchial and pulmonary obstruction produced by superabundant secretion from the mucous membrane is wonderfully relieved by Tuberculinum. It is also a sovereign remedy in influenzal pneumonia ; relieves the weakness, mitigates the cough, improves the appetite, stops the perspiration and braces up the whole organism. (Ghose.)

A clearing up remedy at close of pneumonia. (C. M. Boger.)

Abscesses in the lungs ; perforating abscesses in respiratory organs.

*Profuse perspiration* of chest. Offensive axillary perspiration.

*Recurrent influenza with long continued cough.* (Long continued, annoying, teasing cough remaining after the active symptoms of bronchitis or influenza; in a good many instances *Tuberculinum aviare M* put an immediate end to this cough and any related discomforts. *Aviare* has the usual characteristics of *Tuberculinum* plus its affinity to grip infection and to nerve elements, both sympathetic and cerebro-spinal. R. E. S. Hayes.)

In last stages of consumption do not give Phos., Sulph., Sulph. ac. Psor., Sil., Acet. ac., or any metal, give a vegetable remedy or *Tuberculinum*. (H. C. Allen.)

Slight hacking cough, continuing all day, <at bedtime and on rising; emaciation; dullness on percussion at apex of right lung. (Burnett.)

Girl, aged 15, tall for her age; tonsils enlarged; chronic discharge from nose, <early morning on rising; speech thick; thorax of pigeon-breast type; *perspires much* across nose; very bad *perspiration* of chest, armpits, nose and feet; feels very chilly; spleen swollen; distinct dullness on percussion at apex of right lung; suffered badly from vaccination; gets chilblains. (Burnett.)

Hectic flush of cheeks; shortness of breath; slight hacking cough; several strumous scars on neck; dusky skin; large moist rales in both lungs; increased vocal resonance in right lung; amorphic sounds in right lung; large soft feeling gland in left side of neck; very pronounced endocardial bruit, best heard at apex beat. Iodoform 3x in four grain doses for two months, with improvement, followed by *Tuberculinum c* in very infrequent doses. (Burnett.)

Incipient phthisis in boy aged 7; loss of flesh; *great prostration*; morbid timidity; *glands* of groins and on both sides of neck very much *enlarged* and *indurated*, particularly glands over apex of right lung; as he had suffered much from vaccination, Thuja 30 and Sabina 30 were first given, then *Tuberculinum*. (Burnett.)

Nocturnal perspirations, notched incisors; indurated glands everywhere, very large and numerous; drum bellied; grinding teeth at night; great susceptibility to taking cold; perspiration worse at back of lungs and on head; big head with bulging forehead; subject to attacks of fever and diarrhoea. (Burnett.)

Cough, < 6 a.m.; notched incisors; thin and puny; cervical and inguinal glands much enlarged and indurated; strawberry tongue; girl, aged 7. (Burnett.)

No respiratory sounds at top of right lung, and vocal resonance slightly increased; pain in left side; profuse perspiration; girl, aged 18. (Burnett.)

Much fever, < evenings; restless and terribly irritable; much depressed and in almost constant agitation; tongue very red; chronic diarrhoea; had lost fourteen pounds during last six weeks; has no appetite, evacuations discharged from bowels as from pop gun. (Burnett)

Bad cough of about twelve months' duration; expectoration of blood; one of apices was audibly diseased; has had pneumonia; chest flat; respiration accelerated; tanned unduly in sun. (Burnett.)

Anæmic, sickly, pale; profound debility; dyspnoea, cannot hurry or mount; menses irregular. (Burnett.)

Lady, aged 26, in first stage of consumption; dyspnoea and rapid breathing; loss of flesh; greasy, dingy skin. (Burnett.)

Stout man, bright, florid complexion, mother died of phthisis, with which disease his sister is suffering; gets pneumonia very often in cold weather; hence travels from place to place to avoid colds; coughs much, brings up much phlegm; perspired profusely and drank great quantities of fluids; wretched, sleepless nights, with almost constant fever; glands of neck much enlarged. (Burnett.)

Ringworm on scalp; lymphatic glands everywhere palpable; ribs very flat; strawberry tongue; bad cough worse at night; although 11 years old she had practically

no teeth, they were rudimentary, and not above the level of the gums. (Burnett.)

Pronounced phthisical habit ; severe piles ; constipation ; brown cutaneous affection on abdomen. (Burnett.)

In September 1905 I was called to see a little Irish girl, named Mary Gilbert, ten years of age, who was suffering with what I thought was an attack of pneumonia, temperature 104°, a dry cough with severe pain in the chest. I treated her with the usual remedies, Belladonna, Bryonia, etc., with only an apparent amelioration of symptoms. But the child lost flesh and seemed to develop an empyema. About the third week there was a profuse discharge of foul smelling pus-like matter, greenish in color, from mouth.

The family had been warned by the "Household Angel" that the child would die—three successive raps on the floor at midnight had given the warning. They administered holy water and asked for a consulting physician. Dr. Pugh, who had attended the mother a year previously in pneumonia, of which she died, called, made a careful examination and left the following note: "I think you are completely right. She has I think some empyema on the right side (not much), but she has pulmonary tuberculosis of both lungs. I doubt that the hospital would do any good. (Sgd.) Dr. Chas. E. Pugh."

I had thought of sending her to the hospital as she had the poorest care at home but the doctor said it was no use, nothing could save her. I quite agreed with him, but bethought myself of Tuberculinum. Here was a chance to try it, surely it could do her no harm. She was given a number of doses of the 200, and later higher potencies till I reached the CM and with continued improvement. The cough diminished, the hectic spots left her cheeks after a number of weeks, and before the real spring came she was a plump and rosy child. All this, too, in a cold, bad winter and with the most unsanitary surroundings. The child had previously had what I thought at the time

were tubercular abscesses, from enlarged cervical glands at the base of the neck. (L. C. Scholes.)

## HEART

*Palpitation* early in morning; anxious palpitation, beats so hard can be felt all over body; palpitation with cough and *sticking* pains in lungs; palpitation severe by deep inspirations; palpitation with pain in the back; palpitation during night, < when raising himself up; wakens at night with palpitation; palpitation when ascending, with difficult respirations; palpitation and numbness; palpitation from emotional excitement; palpitation after the evening meal.

Sensation of fluttering and flopping over of heart.

Valvular insufficiency; could not lie on left side; could not lie down, must have three pillows.

Pulse full and hard; soft, weak and easily compressed; irregular.

Sensation of heaviness and pressure over heart.

Aching in heart.

Sensation of intense anxiety in region of heart, especially *worse on waking*; waves of nervousness or quivers rising to heart region.

(To be continued.)

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## RAMBLING WITH KENT

DR. NOEL PUDEPHATT

The potency question has been a perpetual headache with Homœopaths, especially the layman, and the question one is invariably asked: "What potency shall I give, and how often should it be given?"

The late Dr. James Tyler Kent has much to teach us on this vexed problem, so I propose, herewith, to quote from his writings, and thus, perhaps, give some sort of guide